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Select Miscellany.

THE

Sunken Treasure

AN ADVENTURE IN CHINESE WATERS.

BY BLUE JACKET.

The night was dark and threatening; heavy masses of clouds floated across the lowering heavens, obscuring the stars and the struggling rays of the young moon, which strove in vain to pierce through the gloomy canopy by which it was enveloped. The wind, in fitful gusts, came with increasing force across the broad bosom of the Yang-tse, dashing the yellow waters against the broad stone jettys lying abreast of French Town.

Down one of these piers a man was cautiously feeling his way, evidently with the intention of hailing one of the numerous sampans which moored at the foot of the jetty.

Out in the river the twinkling anchor lights of the shipping cast faint wavering rays over the turbulent waters, which only rendered the darkness more intense.

"Confound the lubber that left that stave in the way," muttered the solitary individual as he tripped over the obstacle. "If I get aboard the *Sunrise* without breaking my neck, I shall be a lucky man. It won't do for me to get a ducking to-night with a thousand dollars of Mexican coin for ballast, the result of my last trip. I should go to the bottom like a stone. Ha! what have we hear? River pirates, by the Lord Harry, and not a weapon in my pocket. Sheer off, you long tailed devils!" shouted the seaman, for such he was, "or I'll put a mark on some of you, that will cause you to regret the day you ever fell athwart the hawse of Jack Hurley."

As if by magic some half a dozen Chinamen had suddenly started into sight, springing from their lurking places with a celerity which proved that they were no novices to the business.

Alone and unarmed Jack Hurley confronted them, his hands grasping the canvass bags of dollars with a nervous clutch. A cold perspiration broke out all over him at the fate which stared him in the face, for often had he beheld the bodies of hapless seamen floating about in Yang-tse, murdered and robbed, the victims of the treacherous Chinamen.

Thousands of boats line the wharves and river banks whose owners consider it no crime to loot an European. Detection is next to impossible, and the authorities are all but powerless to check the native tendency to murder and rob.

But Jack was a bold as well as an athletic seaman, and was not disposed to lose the number of his mess without a struggle. His American blood was up, as well as his contempt for all Chinamen, and, with a yell, he sprang upon his nearest opponent, swinging a bag of heavy coin furiously round his head.

The Chinamen were armed with hatchets, and Jack's chances for success were decidedly small. How the affray would have terminated it is impossible to state; but the rapid tramp of feet, mingled with the cry of an European, caused the Chinamen to take the alarm and slink away as rapidly and mysteriously as they had appeared on the scene.

Jack turned to greet the new comer, and extending his hand to grasp that of the stranger discovered for the first time that he had sustained a severe cut from one of the Chinamen's hatchets.

"You hove in sight in good time whoever you are, and its my private opinion that a few moments more would have seen Jack Hurley on his beam ends, a candidate for Davy Jones' locker. I owe my life to you, and you'll find me ready to do you a good turn if I can, for I am one who never forgets a favor."

"If I have rendered you a service and gained your friendship, God knows I am thankful," and a half smothered sigh escaped from the speaker, who continued, "I heard the struggle, guessed its meaning, and the rest you are acquainted with. But had we better not be moving? You are on dangerous ground, and a second attack may find us——"

"Still further to leeward. Yes, you're right. I'll hail a sampan, and if you'll got aboard with me, we'll talk matters over. I have not seen enough of you yet."

"I shall be pleased to accept your hospitality, captain, for I may as well confess that I am hard up. But I would lose no time in getting on board, for your hand is bleeding freely, and should be attended to. I am a surgeon by profession, and will dress the wound if you will permit me."

Jack Hurley was in command of a topsail schooner, trading on the coast of China, and the *Sunrise* was noted for her speed and weather qualities. The cabin was simply but substantially furnished, into which the captain ushered his guest, saying.

"There! Here we are aboard the *Sunrise* at last. I own every timber head in her, am my own master, and if Jack Hurley can be of any benefit to you, say the word. You said you were hard up. Help yourself out of them," and he threw the bags of dollars on the table where they fell with a heavy thud.

"Take care, Captain Hurley, or I may avail myself of some of your offers. But first allow me to attend to your hand," and with a skill denoting long practice the surgeon dressed the gash which Hurley had received.

"Where do you hail from?" inquired the frank, open-hearted sailor, after the operation had been pronounced finished.

"I am an American, like yourself. I am from New York, and my name is Varley—Edward Varley."

Hurley glanced at the stranger, whose pale, intellectual face was partially covered by dark heavy whiskers, and a luxuriant moustache. He was rather over medium height, and his clothes showed unmistakable evidences of long wear.

"It is not for me to question you, Mr. Varley, what you, a surgeon, are doing out here on the coast, unless you intend joining the Ti-pings. No! Well, you can make a home of it here aboard the *Sunrise* if you wish. I sail to-morrow for Padang, to get a load of spice, coffee, etc., for the—— But what the deuce is the matter with you, man? You are turning red and white like a girl in her teens."

"Nothing—nothing, I assure you, sir. I am weak from want and exposure—that's all."

With furious haste, and a face glowing with shame at his want of perception, the warm-hearted tar roused out the steward, who soon spread the table with a substantial meal, to which Varley did ample justice. He ate like a man who had fasted long, who had wrestled with want, and Hurley watched him with grim satisfaction.

It was late when the two sought their berths, and Hurley, who had carefully avoided any further personal allusion to his guest, retired well pleased with Varley and the fund of information and knowledge with which his mind was stored.

At an early hour the mate of the *Sunrise* entered the cabin with the information that two mandarin boats filled with armed braves were pulling towards the vessel.

"What the deuce can they want aboard my craft?" growled the worthy Hurley. "I have not broken any of their laws that I know of, and I don't much fancy these long tailed imps a-overhauling my vessel. Hoist our colors, Mr. Brace; let the stars and stripes float over us, and——"

"A word with you, Captain Hurley," exclaimed a hoarse, agitated voice in his ear.

"What! is it you, Varley? Why, man, you are as pale as a sheet! What is it? What is the matter."

"Simply this. You told me last night you would do me a favor if ever the time came. The time has come when you can more than repay the service I rendered you on the stone pier yonder. These soldiers are searching after me, upon whose head a price is set. Conceal me somewhere, save me from the malignant cruelty of the mandarin's men, and I'll be your slave. You may land me on the first desert island that——"

"Avast heavin', shipmate. No men of that kind aboard my craft. What Jack Hurley leave a fellow-being on a desert island, and after he had saved my life? You have seen queer times I take it, and you must spin us the yarn when we get into blue water. But there they come alongside, and you are trembling all over.—Never say die, lad, never say die. You shall weather on these fellows, or Jack Hurley is no Yankee."

Touching a concealed spring, a portion of the bulkhead swung open, revealing an aperture, large enough for Farley to conceal himself in, of which he was not backward in availing himself.

"There you are now. Keep still and you are all right. I used to use that when I was in the opium trade, and it never failed me."

The officials searched the *Sunrise* from stem to stern, with no success. Hurley plied the officer in charge with questions as to who he was in search of, and why his vessel was suspected, but could obtain no satisfaction from the taciturn individual who resisted every advance.

Scarcely had the Chinamen left the vessel when Hurley gave orders to heave short and get under weigh.

"There is some mystery that I can't fathom," he muttered, as he walked to and fro; "but once I am clear of Woo-sung, Varley must hoist his true colors or we do not sail in company. Soldiers do not search after men for nothing, that's law."

It was a fine, pleasant evening—the schooner under all sail was dashing along before the fresh northeast monsoons. The crescent moon was just sinking beneath the distant horizon, tinging the heaving, ever-changing waves with a broad belt of silver light.

It was the first night out from Shanghai. In the cabin seated by the table were Jack Hurley and Edward Varley.

"Now, Varley, a plain hail, you know, requires a plain answer, don't it? Yes. Well, then, take a throat seizing of that Cognac, will you? That's right, now light a cigar. Pretty good, ain't they? A man might be worse off than in the cabin of the *Sunrise*. But to the point. I want to know who you are, what these soldiers were looking after you for, and in fact all about yourself."

"I fully intended to relate my story to you Captain Hurley. I have no desire to lose the life I have been leading, my character aspersed and the black cloud of suspicion enveloping me. I shall tell you the truth in as few words as possible, and my life shall pay the forfeit if you detect the slightest prevarication.

"I left New York on a small bark bound for Hong Kong, having been advised to take the voyage for my health. I was very much reduced bodily, weak and nervous, and my return to health was very slow. The voyage was devoid of interest until we reached the Straits of Malacca, when we were becalmed. The bark drifted close in under the land, compelling the captain to anchor against his will, for no one knew better than himself the dangers of the locality we were in.

"Until midnight set in both the captain and mate were sweeping the land with their glasses but nothing of a suspicious nature was seen. At eight o'clock the watch was set with positive instructions to keep a sharp lookout. The second mate had charge of the watch, with orders not to leave the deck until relieved by his superior.

"It had been a hard days work, the men were exhausted by their continuous labor at the braces, which, combined with the heat of the tropics, must have overcome them with slumber.

"Once during the night I roused up, peered through the air port, but all was calm and peaceful, and I sank back to be aroused from a sound slumber by the clash of arms, groans, oaths and the discordant yells of men.

"Before I could hardly collect my scattered senses, my stateroom was filled with a number of swarthy Malays, armed to the teeth, while at their head, bearing a cutlass dripping with gore, strode a huge white man of ferocious aspect.

"A dozen cutlasses were raised on high, but the harsh voice of the white man restrained them.

"'Who are you?' he demanded. 'Are you the passenger, the surgeon, whose name is on the ship's manifest. Speak, for our time is precious!'

"'I am Edward Varley, a surgeon by profession,' I replied with some difficulty, for my nerves were far from strong.

"'I am in need of a surgeon—I give you your choice, join my party, share proportionally all prizes, or, or—' and he pointed significantly to the Malays, who were thirsting for my blood.

"I had to choose between life and a terrible death. Life had for me many charms—I thought of my young wife and baby awaiting my return, of my father and mother, the world and its manifold enjoyments, and I yielded.

"I became one of the infernal band of pirates, who, led by a renegade white man, had rendered his name terrible by his deeds of blood.

"I was the sole survivor of the hapless ship's company, and my escape had been almost miraculous.

"But I will pass over a long series of atrocities in which I participated so far as my duties as surgeon were required. The gang had a fleet sailing proa, and it was finally decided to take a cruise in the China Sea. We were sighted and chased by an English gun-boat, who suspecting our true character, chased us hard forcing the desperado to beach his boat on the southern extremity of the Ladrone Islands.

"The seas swept over the proa, overwhelming all of the desperate gang who had attempted to gain the land. As for myself I clung to the wreck, determined to give myself to the man-of-wars-men who were approaching us in boats. The wreck was sinking, and I had barely time to jump clear of the undertow, when the blood stained craft disappeared beneath the waves.

"When I fully recovered my senses, I found myself in irons, side by side, with the leader of the gang, who, with myself, were the sole survivors of the proa's crew.

"When taken before the naval commander, I told my story; but the pirate laughed and sneered at my misfortunes, jeered me for my want of courage, creating the impression that although one of the blackest of the gang, I was endeavoring to save my life. In fact, the scoundrel swore point blank that I was the leading spirit of the gang, and my appearance and education were against me.

"We were taken to Shanghai, and handed over to the Chinese authorities for trial, where I lost sight of the scoundrel who had been the author of all my misfortunes. What became of him I know not; as for myself, I was cast into a loathsome dungeon to wait the pleasure of the Taoutai of the city.

"I made repeated attempts to gain the intercession of the American Ambassador, but he refused to interfere for so depraved a character as myself. Then it was, when left to my fate, and thrown upon my own resources, that I bent my energies to escape. The masonry was old and defective; my patience and perseverance triumphed over all difficulties, and I succeeded in gaining my freedom. The first night passed in the open air, I had the good fortune to encounter you. The rest, Captain Hurley, you are acquainted with."

"A straightforward yarn, and no mistake. You were in a tight place, and when a man is on a lee shore, he'll do most anything to claw off and gain an offing. I do not know as I blame you. It is hard to judge what one might do under the circumstances. But here is my hand, Varley. You shall not be turned adrift, and Jack Hurley will stand your friend as long as there is a shot in the locker."

"You are a kind, noble-hearted man, Captain Hurley, and I will make you all the return in my power for the service you have rendered me. Listen. When the proa sunk off the Ladrones she went down in about four fathoms of water. In her hold was stored treasure sufficient to make us both independent. It is within your grasp. As it is, it is useless to every one, and you may as well reap the benefit of it."

"But, Varley, it is stained with blood. Every dollar has been wrung from the poor fellows who were sent fluking to Davy Jones' locker. It would not belong to me after I got it."

"It was gained by violence and murder, true. But it would be impossible to find the rightful owners. The treasure is lying beneath the waters useless to all. Take it, put it to good use, and the curse will be removed."

"There is some truth in that, Varley. I am more than half inclined to take your advice."

"Think of your wife and children, for whom you are toiling. Think of the dangers you run. My unhappy fate might overtake you, and ——"

"And I should not have your profession to save me from a walking plank. You are right. I will hesitate no longer. I have a diver's suit in my cabin which I have used for pearl fishing, and I'll put it to good use. How much treasure do you think went down with the proa?"

"About two hundred thousand dollars, or thereabouts."

"Enough ballast to carry us through life as stiff as a meeting-house. It is better than coasting. I am sick of the water, Varley; we'll shape a course for the islands."

And Hurley's eyes sparkled with excitement, as he proceeded to unroll a large chart on the cabin table.

The schooner rode lazily to her anchors off the southern headland of the islands, rocking to and fro, from the swell which heaved in over the reef, breaking heavily on the black rocks which fringed the beach. The weather was fine; not a breath of air ruffled the surface of the ocean, and everything proved favorable to the fortune-hunters, who went to work with a will and earnestness, heightened by the remains of the wreck being visible in the clear depths of the ocean.

Hurley, arrayed in his diving dress, was carefully lowered over the side, Varley himself tended the air-pump, while the seaman manned the falls by which the treasure was to be rescued from the depths of the sea.

For three days the entire ship's company labored indefatigably till the pirate's booty was safely transferred to the *Sunrise*.

Then they rested from their exertions, congratulations were exchanged, and the seamen, who were to receive a generous portion of the wealth, were impatient to reach port.

Singapore was agreed upon as the best point, and the schooner was soon under way, with every stitch of canvass crowded upon her.

Hurley experienced no difficulty in disposing of his vessel at a good figure, to a native merchant; and before the sailors could disclose the secret of their newly found wealth, both Hurley and his friend, the surgeon, had left the city by steamer, for Liverpool.

Varley would only accept fifty thousand dollars for his share of the treasure, and Hurley was forced to rest content with the resolve.

At New York the two parted, with promises to meet again at no distant day, to fight over anew their experience in China, and the finding of the pirate's treasure.

THE SMALL WORRIES.

The Christian world has long been guessing what Paul's thorn in the flesh was. We have a book that in ten pages tries to show what Paul's thorn was *not*, and in another ten pages tries to show what it *was*.

Many of the theological doctors have felt Paul's pulse to see what was the matter with him. We suppose the reason he did not tell us what it was, may have been because he did not want us to know. He knew that if he stated what it was there would be a great many people from Corinth bothering him with prescriptions how he might cure it.

Some say it was diseased eyes, some that it was a humped back. It may have been neuralgia. Perhaps it was gout, although his active habits and a sparse diet throw doubt upon the supposition. Suffice it to say it was a thorn—that is, it stuck him. It was sharp.

It was probably of not much account in the eyes of the world. It was not a trouble that could be compared to a lion or a boisterous sea It was like a thorn that you may have in your hand or foot and no one know it. Thus we see that it becomes a type of those little nettlesome worries of life that exasperate the spirit.

Every one has a thorn sticking him. The housekeeper finds it in unfaithful domestics; or an inmate who keeps things disordered; or a house too small for convenience, or too large to be kept cleanly. The professional man finds it in perpetual interruptions or calls for "more copy." The Sabbath-school teacher finds it in inattentive scholars or neighboring teachers that talk loudly and make a great noise in giving a little instruction. One man has a rheumatic joint which, when the wind is north-east lifts the storm-signal. Another, a business partner who takes full half the profits, but does not help to earn them. These trials are the more nettlesome, because like Paul's, they are not to be mentioned. Men get sympathy for broken bones, and mashed feet, but not for the end of sharp thorns that have been broken off in the fingers.

Let us start out with the idea that we must have annoyance. It seems to take a number of them to keep us humble, wakeful and prayerful. To Paul the thorn was as disciplinary as the shipwreck. If it is not one thing it is another. If the stove does not smoke the boiler must leak. If the thorn does not pierce the knee, it must take you in the back. Life must have sharp things in it. We can not make up our robe of Christian character without pins and needles.

We want what Paul got: grace to bear these things. Without it we become cross, censorious and irrascible. We get in the habit of sticking our thorns into other people's fingers. But, God helping us, we place these annoyances in the category of "all things work together for good." We see how much shorter thorns are than the spikes that stuck through the palms of Christ's hands, and remembering that He had on His head a whole crown of thorns, we take to ourselves the consolation that if we suffer with Him on earth, we shall be glorified with Him in Heaven.

But how could Paul positively rejoice in these infirmities? The school of Christ has three classes of scholars; in the first class we learn how to be stuck with thorns without losing our patience; in the second class we learn how to make the sting positively advantageous; in the third class of this school we learn how even to rejoice in being pierced and wounded; but that is the *Senior class*, and when we get to that we are near graduation into glory.—*Selected.*

DOES THE WORLD MOVE?

An octogenarian, in a late number of *Appleton's Journal*, gives some noteworthy facts and figures bearing on industrial progress. In 1810, while yet a young man, he travelled through all the principal countries of Europe, making careful observations and taking notes of the condition of the people and their industries. During the present year, he has again travelled over the same ground, giving special attention to the same class of facts. The comparisons made on several points are suggestive as well as interesting, but we propose here to note only a single one of them, as most striking and best adapted to strengthen the faith of those who believe in this faithless age that the world moves. In 1810 the entire white or European population of the globe was one hundred and eighty millions. In 1875 it is three hundred and sixty millions. The producing area of Europe, in 1876, he found to be one thousand and fifteen millions of acres, that of the United States is about two hundred and fifty millions of acres, and that of other countries settled by Europeans about thirty-five millions of acres—total, say one thousand three hundred millions of acres. This area, for a population of three hundred and sixty millions, is but three and two-third acres each, while in 1810 it required five and one-eighth acres for the sustenance of each person, showing that the productiveness of the producing surface of the earth must have become enhanced over fifty per cent, or at least one-half, in order that three and two-third acres should now support as many lives as five and one-eighth acres did formerly. "Had the acquisition of this great significant fact," our octogenarian adds, "been the only result of my two long journeys through Europe, I should have considered my time and labor well spent." That throughout all the European world, three blades of corn now grow where but three grew before, assures us that four blades may yet be made to grow upon the same area, and puts to rest any fears that may have grown up as to the encroachments of population upon the limits of subsistence.

TEA.

We are indebted to a Northern contemporary for some interesting facts regarding tea and its manufacture, which are worth presenting to our readers. These facts relate principally to Chinese adulteration of the pure article of green tea, and are obtained originally from a lecture delivered by Prof. Blackmore, before the Lowell Institute, Boston.

The lecturer said that the green tea leaves are dried in copper pans, meanwhile being sprinkled with a powder composed of Prussian blue and gypsum, or prussiate of iron, or sometimes gypsum and indigo. The two former adulterations are rank poisons, and the last, if comparatively harmless, is a dose which few would care to imbibe. The Chinese, it is said, never drink green tea, but send it to the outsiders. It is stated by medical authority that instances of poisoning from adulterated tea have not been unfrequent.

This gross fraud practised by the heathen Chinee, in which, perhaps, unlike Bret Harte's hero, he is not "peculiar," suggests the raising of tea in the South as a profitable investment, The few experiments that have been made have resulted favorably. A gentleman residing near Fayetteville has clearly demonstrated by several successful crops that tea can be raised in North Carolina with profit. The experiment has likewise been tried in Tennessee and Mississippi. Of course producers must read up carefully on the subject, in order to go about cultivating the crop intelligibly.—*Wm. Star.*

INDIANS REBUKING THE WHITES.

The following is an extract from a letter from Wm. H. Thomas to Hon. James Graham, dated Oct. 15th, 1838:

"Until the year 1830, the Cherokee Indians were as intemperate as any other Indians on our frontier. About that time the principal chief, by the name of Drowning Bear, becoming convinced that intemperance would destroy himself and people, determined to live temperately and persuaded his people to follow his example. I was present when he assembled them. On that occasion he informed his people that he had been considering and devising ways to promote their happiness in the future. He said he had become convinced that intemperance was the cause of the extermination of the Indian tribes situated in the neighborhood of the whites; referring them to the present and previous situation of the Catawba Indians with whom they were acquainted, as an evidence of the injurious effect of intemperance. He directed his clerk to write in the Indian language as follows:

"'The undersigned Cherokees, belonging to the town of Qualla, agree to abandon the use of spirituous liquors.'

"It was immediately signed by the old chief, who was followed by the whole town.

"He then told them that he had served them upwards of forty years, without any pecuniary consideration whatever, his entire object being to promote their interest. He was pleased to see that they yet had confidence in him. * * To the above cause, temperance, is to be attributed their present state of improvement. The time previously spent in scenes of dissipation is now spent in useful employment. Each family is now capable of reading the Scriptures in their own language, manufacturing their own clothing, and understand farming and the mechanical arts as well as their white neighbors, to whom they are indebted for kind treatment and a friendly disposition in advancing them in improvement."

PRESIDENT GRANT IN UTAH.

A week or two ago the President and party, accompanied by Governor Emery, inspected Camp Douglas, Utah, reviewing the troops. They then drove to the Mormon Tabernacle, in Salt Lake City, and viewed the city from the mountains to the north of the city. At 1 P. M. the President held a public reception at the Walker House. Nearly every person in the city called on him, including the Sunday-school children, a number of whom he kissed. At 4 P. M. the party left by special train, accompanied by prominent citizens and officials, amid the cheers of the crowd. At Ogden Brigham Young was introduced to the President by Delegate Cannon. Young acknowledged the introduction by saying that he was happy to welcome the President to Utah, being the first Chief Magistrate he ever shook hands with, and hoped his visit would be one of unmixed pleasure. Brigham then conversed with Mrs. Grant for half an hour and retired. In the conversation the President said no political significance was attached to his visit to Utah. He came because he had a few days to spare, and he wanted to view the country. The President and party expressed themselves highly pleased with Utah and the reception of the citizens, and regretted having to leave so soon, but the President's mail despatches were at Denver, and consequently he had to return immediately.

A WOMAN WALKIST.—In reply to a recent card from Miss Annie Hindle, dated Cumberland, Md., September 24, challenging Harry Brooks, "champion pedestrian of the world," to walk a match of endurance for from $1,000 to $5,000 a side. The match to take place in Washington city, Mr. Brooks, in an answer dated 270 Pennsylvania avenue, October 5, accepts the challenge, and gallantly offers to give her ten miles in fifty, or one mile in ten.

A waterspout visited the town of Las Conces and washed away sixty houses, when a second one came and cleaned out the balance of the town, in Mexico.

Judge McKinney, late Judge of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, died at Knoxville, at five and a half o'clock, on the morning of the 9th inst.

The famous trotting mare "American Girl" fell dead in a race last week at Elmira, N. Y. She was valued at $25,000.

THE CENTENNIAL EXPENSES.

The expense of the Centennial Exhibition, conducted on ever so economical a scale, will be great, and the Philadelphians, as well as the commissioners, are exercising all their brains to make it pay. The cost is estimated as follows: Main building, $1,500,000; art gallery, $1,500,000; horticultural hall, $250,000; machinery hall, $560,000; other buildings, with stock yards improvements, bridges, &c., $1,000,000. Aggregate permanent cost, $5,000,000.

The presumed expense of "running" the exhibition during the six months in which it is to be open, including the cost of water supply, light, fuel, moving of machinery, administration, police, and a liberal allowance of contingencies, increases this estimated total of cost to $8,000,000. The board of finance started out to raise this sum by sales of stock and State appropriations. The citizens of Philadelphia furnished $1,500,000, and the State of Pennsylvania $1,000,000 from the word go. These amounts are not represented in stock. They are applied mostly to buildings, chief among which is the art gallery, which will remain as the permanent property of the State and city.

The stock subscriptions so far reach a little over $2,500,000. This leaves $3,000,000 to be raised.

HORSE AND CATTLE DISEASE.

A short time since, a disease, not severe in its character, but disabling a large number of horses, broke out in this city, and the city railroads were greatly inconvenienced by it, and many private stables were invaded. It was similar to the epizootic which prevailed three years ago. It has appeared at many other places. A Buffalo paper states that three-fourths of all the horses in that city were affected. At New Haven many of the horses on the different railroad lines were affected. A despath from Poughkeepsie, dated September 28th, says: "The horse disease is rapidly spreading in this city and county. It not only affects the head and throat but seems also to be affecting the heart. All of the horses in the city railroad stables are affected, and to-morrow cars will be run on half hour time."

At the same time a more fatal disease has appeared among the cattle in many places.

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* says: "The cattle disease at Spencer has already proved quite fatal, George F. Cummings having lost eight valuable native cows, while he has many more affected. The fine Swiss herd of Aldrich & Hall is also affected, some seriously, while all are under medical treatment and some of them improving. A fatal cattle disease, a sort of typhus inflammation of the spleen, caused by eating half-decayed after-math on the overflown meadows, has broken out among the cattle near Morristown, N. J. Already eighty-five cows and calves have been attacked." The cattle disease has broken out in Wilbraham, Mass. The herd of D. D. Morrick are rapidly dying off.—*N. Y. Observer.*

AN OLD PIECE OF RAG MONEY.

Mr. William Thompson, an employee in the county clerk's office, has in his possession a peculiar piece of paper money, nearly one hundred years old. It is of the unusual denomination of two-thirds of a dollar. On one side are the words, "Two-thirds of a dollar; Philadelphia; printed by Hall & Sellers, 1776," and a design representing each of the original thirteen States of the Union. On the other side is a peculiar design, the meaning of which we do not pretend to understand, in which are the words "Fugio" and "Mind your own business." On the other part of this side of the piece of currency are the words, "Two-thirds of a dollar, according to resolution of Congress, passed at Philadelphia, February 17, 1776." The number is 131,634, and the written signature is "C. Barns." This antique piece of fractional currency has been in the Thompson family nearly thirty years.—*Rochester Evening Express.*

A FOOT LAMP.

One of the most interesting things in the Holy Land is the fact that one meets every where in daily life the things that illustrate the word of the Lord. The streets of Jerusalem are very narrow, and no one is allowed to go out at night without a light. Throw open your lattice in the evening and look out, and you will see what seem to be little stars twinkling on the pavement. You will hear the clatter of sandals as the late traveller rattles along. As the party approaches you will see that he has a little lamp attached to his foot, to make his step a safe one. In an instant the voice comes to your memory, written in that same city three thousand years ago, "Thy word is a lamp to my feet, and a light to my path."

EFFECT OF LIGHT.

Dr. Moore, the metaphysician, thus speaks of the effect of light on body and mind. "A tadpole confined in darkness would never become a frog; and an infant being doprived of Heaven's free light will only grow into a shapeless idiot, instead of a beautiful and reasonable being. Hence, in the dark gorges and ravines of the Swiss Valois, where the direct sunshine never reaches, the hideous prevalence of idiocy startles the traveler. Many citizens are incapable of any articulate speech; some are deaf, some are blind, some labor under all these privations, and all are misshapen in almost every part of the body. I believe there is in all places a marked difference in the healthiness of houses according to their aspect in regard to the sun, and those are decidedly the healthiest, other things being equal, in which all the rooms are, during the day, fully exposed to the direct light. Epidemics attack inhabitants on the shady side of the street, and totally exempt those on the other side; even in epidemics, such as ague, the morbid influence is often thus partial in its labors."

The Sultan of Turkey spent $750,000, not long ago, on fireworks and illuminations, the occasion being his birthday anniversary. That is the way in which he spends his salary of $10,000,000 in gold, and has to borrow a good deal more besides for similar expenses.

The Indians in Indian Territory raised 6,000,000 bushels of wheat this year.

ORDINANCES

PASSED BY THE N. C. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF 1875.

An Ordinance to amend Article Nine of the Constitution, Providing for the Preservation and Investment of the Public School Fund.

The people of North Carolina in Convention assembled do ordain, That section four of article nine of the Constitution be stricken out, and two new sections be inserted in said article in lieu thereof, as follows:

SEC. —. The proceeds of all lands that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State, and not otherwise appropriated by this State or the United States; also all moneys, stocks, bonds, and other property now belonging to any State fund for purposes of education; also the net proceeds of all sales of the swamp lands belonging to the State, and all other grants, gifts or devises that have been or hereafter may be made to this State and not otherwise appropriated by the State or by the term of the grant, gift or devise, shall be paid into the State treasury; and, together with so much of the ordinary revenue of the State as may be, by law set apart for that purpose, shall be faithfully appropriated for establishing and maintaining in this State a system of free public schools, and for no other uses or purposes whatsoever.

SEC. —. All moneys, stocks, bonds and other property belonging to a county school fund; also, the net proceeds from the sales of estrays; also, the clear proceeds of all penalties and forfeitures, and of all fines collected in the several counties for any breach of the penal or military laws of the State; and all moneys which shall be paid by persons as an equivalent for exemption from military duty, shall belong to and remain in the several counties, and shall be faithfully appropriated for establishing and maintaining free public schools in the several counties of this State: *Provided*, That the amount collected in each county shall be annually reported to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

An Ordinance in Relation to a Department of Agriculture, Immigration and Statistics.

That section seventeen, of article three, be stricken from the Constitution, and that the following be inserted in lieu thereof:

SEC. —. The General Assembly shall establish a department of Agriculture, Immigration and Statistics, under such regulations as may best promote the agricultural interests of the State, and shall enact laws for the adequate protection and encouragement of sheep husbandry.

An Ordinance to amend Section twenty-five of Article one of the Constitution, relating to Secret Societies.

That section twenty-five of article one be amended by adding after the word grievances, the following: "But secret political societies are dangerous to the liberties of a free people, and should not be tolerated."

An Ordinance to amend Article three, Section ten, of the Constitution.

That Article (3.) section (10.) of the Constitution, be amended so as to read as follows:

"The Governor shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators elect, appoint all officers, whose offices are established by this Constitution, and whose appointments are not otherwise provided for."

An Ordinance to Abrogate and Annul Sections fifteen, sixteen and seventeen, of Article four, of the Constitution.

That sections fifteen, sixteen and seventeen, of Article four, of the Constitution, be abrogated and annulled and the following substituted therefor:

Section —. The General Assembly shall have no power to deprive the Judicial Department of any power or jurisdiction which rightfully pertains to it, as a co-ordinate department of the government: but the General Assembly shall allot and distribute that portion of this power and jurisdiction, which does not pertain to the Supreme Court, among the other courts prescribed in this Constitution, or which may be established by law, in such manner as it may deem best; provide also a proper system of appeals, and regulate by law, when necessary, the methods of proceeding in the exercise of their powers, of all the Courts below the Supreme Court, so far as the same may be done without conflict with other provisions of this Constitution.

An Ordinance to amend Article thirteen, of the Constitution.

That sections one and two, of Article thirteen, be stricken from the Constitution, and the following substituted therefor:

Sec. 1. No Convention of the people of this State shall ever be called by the General Assembly, unless by the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members of each House of the General Assembly, except the proposition, Convention or No Convention, be first submitted to the qualified voters of the whole State, at the next general election, in a manner to be prescribed by law. And should a majority of the votes cast be in favor of said Convention, it shall assemble on such day as may be prescribed by the General Assembly.

Sec. 2. No part of the Constitution of this State shall be altered unless a bill to alter the same shall have been agreed to by three-fifths of each House of the General Assembly. And the amendment or amendments so agreed to shall be submitted at the next general election to the qualified voters of the whole State, in such manner as may be prescribed by law. And in the event of their adoption by a majority of the votes cast, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the Constitution of this State.

A Bill to be entitled an Ordinance to submit to the people the Amendments to the Constitution Adopted by this Convention.

Sec. 1. That the amendments to the Constitution of this State, adopted by this Convention at any time during its session, shall be submitted to the people for ratification or rejection, as a whole, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six. That every person entitled to vote under the existing Constitution and laws of this State, shall be entitled to vote for the ratification or rejection of said amendments; those who wish a ratification of the amendments voting with a printed or written ticket, "Ratification," those of a contrary opinion, "Rejection." That said election shall be held, and said qualified electors shall vote, at the usual places of voting in the several counties of this State; and that said election shall be conducted under the same rules and regulations, and under the same pains and penalties as are now required and prescribed by law, and returns thereof made, according to the laws now in force regulating the election of members of the General Assembly.

Sec. 2. That the returns of the whole vote cast for the ratification and for the rejection of said amendments, shall be made by the sheriffs of the several counties of the State to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, at Raleigh, within thirty days after the election: *Provided*, That if the office of Chief Justice shall become vacant by death, resignation or otherwise, the said returns shall in like manner be made to the Attorney General of the State; and the returns of said votes shall, within ten days thereafter, be examined and canvassed by the said Chief Justice, or Attorney General in case of the vacancy in the said office of Chief Justice, in the presence of the Governor, and proclamation shall be made by the Governor forthwith of the result of the canvass.

Sec. 3. That if, upon such canvass, it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled were in favor of the ratification of the amendments, then the said amendments to the Constitution shall constitute a part of the Constitution of the State, and shall take effect as such on the first day of January, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven; and thereupon the Governor shall cause to be endorsed on said amendments, as enrolled by this Convention, a certificate under his signature, declaring that the said amendments have been ratified by the people of North Carolina. The Secretary of State shall countersign the said certificate and annex thereto the great seal of the State, and the said amendments so enrolled, with the certificates aforesaid, shall be forever kept among the archives of the State, in the office of the Secretary of State aforesaid.

Sec. 4. That said amendments to the Constitution, after being duly enrolled and properly authenticated, shall be deposited by the Secretary of this Convention in the office of the Secretary of State for safe keeping; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of this Convention and the Public Auditor to have printed, in pamphlet form, on or before the first day of January next, the said amendments, with the certificate of the Secretary of State annexed thereto, together with a copy of the Constitution, as it will read as proposed to be amended, one hundred thousand copies, of which one hundred copies shall be distributed to each delegate of this Convention, and the remainder among the counties of the State in proportion to population. And the necessary sum be and is hereby appropriated to pay the expense of said publication and distribution.

That section fourteen, article four, of the Constitution, shall read as follows:

That every Judge of the Superior Court shall reside in the district for which he is elected. The Judges shall preside in the Courts of the different districts successively, but no Judge shall hold the Courts in the same district oftener than once in four years, but in case of the protracted illness of the Judge assigned to preside in any district, or of any other unavoidable accident to him, by reason of which he shall become unable to preside, the Governor may require any Judge to hold one or more specified terms in said district, in lieu of the Judge assigned to hold the Courts of said district.

That section twelve, article four, of the Constitution be amended to read as follows:

The State shall be divided into nine judicial districts, for each of which a judge shall be chosen; and there shall be held a Superior Court in each county at least twice in each year, to continue for such time in each county as may be prescribed by law. But the General Assembly may reduce or increase the number of districts.

That section two, article two, of the Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

The Senate and House of Representatives shall meet biennially on the first Wednesday after the first Monday in January next after their election; and when assembled, shall be denominated the General Assembly. Neither House shall proceed upon public business unless a majority of all the members are actually present.

That section two of the ninth Article of the Constitution, be amended by adding the following words:

And the children of the white race and the children of the colored race shall be taught in separate public schools, but there shall be no discrimination made in favor of, or to the prejudice of, either race.

That the following be an additional section to Article two of the Constitution:

Sec. —. The members of the General Assembly for the term for which they have been elected, shall receive as a compensation for their services the sum of *four dollars* per day for each day of their session, for a period not exceeding sixty days; and should they remain longer in session, they shall serve without compensation. They shall also be entitled to receive ten cents per mile, both while coming to the seat of government and while returning home, the said distance to be computed by the nearest line or route of public travel. The compensation of the presiding officers of the two Houses, shall be six dollars per day and mileage.

Should an extra session of the General Assembly be called, the members and presiding officers shall receive a like rate of compensation for a period not exceeding twenty days.

That section twenty-seven, of Article two, of the Constitution, be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. —. The terms of office for Senators and members of the House of Representatives shall commence at the time of their election.

That section 29, of Article 2, of the Constitution, be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. —. The election for members of the General Assembly shall be held for the respective districts and counties, at the places where they are now held, or may be directed hereafter to be held, in such manner as may be prescribed by law, on the first Thursday in August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and every two years thereafter, But the General Assembly may change the time of holding the election.

That section four, of article two, be stricken from the Constitution.

That section eight, of article four, of the Constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and two Associate Justices.

That section four, article four, of the Constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

The Judicial power of the State shall be vested in a Court for the trial of Impeachments, a Supreme Court, Superior Courts, Courts of Justices of the peace, and such other Courts inferior to the Supreme Court as may be established by law.

That section nine, of Article four, of the Constitution of North Carolina be abrogated, and the following substituted therefor:

The terms of the Supreme Court shall be held in the city of Raleigh, as now, until otherwise provided by the General Assembly.

That section eight, of article two, be stricken from the Constitution.

An Ordinance to add a Section to Article four of the Constitution of North Carolina.

That the amendments made to the Constitutionof North Carolina by this Convention shall not have the effect to vacate any office or term of office now existing under the Constitution of the State, and filled, or held, by virtue of any election or appointment under the said Constitution, and the laws of the State made in pursuance thereof.

An Ordinance to amend Article four of the Constitution, by striking out sections twenty-six and twenty-seven, and inserting another in lieu thereof.

That sections twenty-six and twenty-seven, article four of the Constitution be stricken out, and insert the following:

The Justices of the Supreme Court shall be elected by the qualified voters of the State, as is provided for the election of members of the General Assembly. They shall hold their offices for eight years.

The Judges of the Superior Courts, elected at the first election under this amendment, shall be elected in like manner as is provided for Justices of the Supreme Court, and shall hold their offices for eight years. The General Assembly may, from time to time, provide by law that the Judges of the Superior Courts, chosen at succeding election elections, instead of being elected by the voters of the whole State, as is herein provided for, shall be elected by the voters of their respective districts.

An Ordinance to amend Section one, Article six, of the Constitution.

That section one, article six, of the Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

Sec. —. Every male person, born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, twenty-one years old or upward, who shall have resided in the State twelve months next preceding the election, and ninety days in the county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed an elector. But no person, who, upon conviction or confession in open court, shall be adjudged guilty of felony, or of any other crime infamous by the laws of this State, and hereafter committed, shall be deemed and elector, unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a mode prescribed by law.

An Ordinance to add two Sections to Article four of the Constitution of North Carolina.

That the following sections be added to article four of the Constitution:

Sec. —. Any Judge of the Supreme Court or of the Superior Courts, and the presiding officers of such Courts inferior to the Supreme Court as may be established by law, may be removed from office for mental or physical inability upon a concurrent resolution of two-thirds of both houses of the General Assembly. The Judge or presiding officer, against whom the General Assembly may be about to proceed, shall receive notice thereof, accompanied by a copy of the causes alleged for his removal, at least twenty days before the day on which either House of the General Assembly shall act thereon.

Sec. —. Any Clerk of the Supreme Court, or of the Superior Courts, or of such Courts inferior to the Supreme Court as may be established by law, may be removed from office for mental or physical inability; the Clerk of the Supreme Court by the Judges of said Courts, the Clerks of the Superior Courts by the Judge riding the district, and the Clerks of such Courts inferior to the Supreme Court as may be established by law, by the presiding officers of said Courts. The Clerk against whom proceedings are instituted shall receive notice thereof, accompanied by a copy of the causes alleged for his removal at least ten days before the day appointed to act thereon, and the Clerk shall be entitled to an appeal to the next term of the Superior Court, and then the Supreme Court, as provided in other cases of appeals.

An Ordinance to amend Article Seven by adding another section thereto.

That Article seven of the Constitution be amended by adding another section thereto, as follows:

Section —. The General Assembly shall have full power by statute to modify, change or abrogate any and all of the provisions of this Article and substitute others in their place, except seven, nine and thirteen.

An Ordinance to amend section thirty-three, Article four, of the Constitution.

That section thirty-three, Article four, of the Constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section —. The several Justices of the Peace shall have jurisdiction, under such regulations as the General Assembly shall prescribe, of civil actions founded on contract, wherein the sum demanded shall not exceed two hundred dollars, and wherein the title to real estate shall not be in controversy; and of all criminal matters arising within their counties where the punishment cannot exceed a fine of fifty dollars, or imprisonment for thirty days. And the General Assembly may give to Justices of the Peace jurisdiction of other civil actions, wherein the value of the property in controversy does not exceed fifty dollars. When an issue of fact shall be found before a Justice, on demand of either party thereto, he shall cause a jury of six men to be summoned who shall try the same. The party against whom judgment shall be rendered in any civil action may appeal to the Superior Court from the same. In all cases of a criminal action, the party against whom judgment is given may appeal to the Superior Court, where the matter shall be heard anew. In all cases brought before a Justice he shall make a record of the proceedings, and file the same with the Clerk of the Superior Court for his county.

An Ordinance to amend Article eleven by adding an additional section thereto.

That section one, Article eleven of the Constitution of this Stdte, be amended by adding at the end of said section, as follows:

The foregoing provision for imprisonment with hard labor shall be construed to authorize the employment of such convict labor on public works, or highways, or other labor for public benefit, and the farming out thereof where and in such manner as may be prescribed by law; but no convict shall be farmed out who has been sentenced on a charge of murder, manslaughter, rape, attempt to commit rape, or arson. *Provided*, That no convict whose labor may be farmed out shall be punished for any failure of duty as a laborer, except by a responsible officer of the State; but the convicts so farmed out shall be at all times under the supervision and control, as to their government and discipline, of the Penitentiary Board, or some officer of this State.

An Ordinance to amend Article four of the Constitution, by adding an additional section thereto.

That a new section be added to article four, of the Constitution, as follows:

Section —. In case the General Assembly shall establish other Courts inferior to the Supreme Court, the presiding officers and clerks thereof shall be elected in such manner as the General Assembly may from time to time prescribe, and they shall hold their offices for a term not exceeding eight years.

An Ordinance to amend Article fourteen of the Constitution, prohibiting intermarriage of the races.

That a new section be added to Article fourteen of the Constitution, as follows:

Section —. All marriages between a white person and a negro, or between a white person and a person of negro descent to the third generation inclusive, are hereby forever prohibited.

An Ordinance to amend section twenty-four, Article one, of the Constitution.

That the following words be added at the end of section twenty-four, Article one, of the Constitution:

Nothing herein contained shall justify the practice of carrying concealed weapons, or prevent the Legislature from enacting penal statutes against said practice.

An Ordinance to amend section thirty-one, Article four, of the Constitution.

That section thirty-one, Article four, of the Constitution of this State, be stricken out and the following inserted in its stead, to-wit:

All vacancies occurring in the offices provided for by this article of this Constitution shall be filled by the appointments of the Governor, unless otherwise provided for, and the appointees shall hold their places until the next regular election for members of the General Assembly, when elections shall be held to fill such offices. If any person, elected or appointed to any of said offices, shall neglect and fail to qualify, such office shall be appointed to, held, and filled as provided in case of vacancies occurring therein. All incumbents of said offices shall hold until their successors are qualified.

An Ordinance to provide for the payment of the mileage and per diem of the officers, members and employees of this Convention.

That the officers, members and employees of this Convention, shall be paid as follows: President, six dollars per day; Members, four dollars per day; Principal Secretary, six dollars per day; Assistant Secretary, six dollars per day; Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks each, five dollars per day; Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeepers, each, five dollars per day; Pages, one dollar per day. In addition to the per diem compensation herein allowed, all said officers, members and employees shall be allowed mileage at the rate of ten cents per mile for every mile travelled from their respective places of residence to the Capitol in the city of Raleigh, and returning, by the most usual route of travel.

That the amounts to which any of the aforesaid officers, members and employees shall be entitled, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the State on the warrant of the Auditor, who shall issue the same on the certificate of the President of the Convention, as to the number of days' service and number of miles for which mileage is due.

An Ordinance to amend Article four, section ten of the Constitution.

That Article four, section ten, of the Constitution of this State, be amended as follows:

And the jurisdiction of said Court over "issues of fact" and "questions of fact," shall be the same exercised by it before the adoption of the Constitution of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and the Court shall have the power to issue any remedial writs necessary to give it a general supervision and control over the proceedings of the inferior Courts.

RESOLUTIONS,

PASSED BY THE N. C. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Resolution concerning the Senate and House Libraries.

Resolved, That the Librarian be, and he is hereby requested to turn the keys of the House and Senate Libraries over to the Sergeant-at-arms of this Convention during the session, who is hereby made his deputy for that purpose.

Resolution of Instruction to the Librarian.

Resolved, That the Librarian be instructed to furnish to every delegate a copy of Battle's Revisal for use during the session, and that every delegate shall be responsible for the return of the copy furnished at the close of the session.

Resolution of instruction to the Secretary of the Convention.

Resolved, That the Secretary of this Convention be, and is hereby instructed and required to preserve and file, in good order, all the ordinances and resolutions introduced, and at the close of the session to deposit the same with the Secretary of State for safe keeping.

Resolution to raise a Committee on contingent expenses, and to authorize the President to draw on the Treasurer for contingent funds.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be, and he is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the Public Treasurer for such sums of money as may be necessary to defray the contingent expenses of the Convention, which the Auditor is hereby required to audit, and the Public Treasurer is hereby authorized and required to pay the same upon said warrants out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be, and he is hereby, authorized to make requisition on the Secretary of State, for stationery, to be delivered to the Sergeant-at-Arms of this body for its use.

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms have all bill and letter paper furnished for the use of this Convention headed with the words "Constitutional Convention of the State of North Carolina," and the same words printed upon the backs of all envelopes furnished for the same purpose.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be, and he is hereby authorized and required to appoint a committee of three delegates, to be known as the Committee on Contingent Expenses, under whose direction the contingent fund shall be placed, and who shall keep a strict, itemized account of the same.

A resolution concerning the Journal.

Resolved, That all original propositions, except those tabled on an adverse report of a committee, and all amendments offered, be, in substance, or in form, if necessary, entered upon the Journal, and that a committee of three be appointed to examine the Journal as heretofore made up, and report what amendments are omitted, that the same may be entered in their appropriate places.

Resolved, That the Secretary be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ a clerk at a compensation not exceeding three dollars per day.

Resolutions on the death of Hon. W. A. Graham.

Resolved, That this Convention has learned with deep sensibility the announcement of the death of the Honorable William Alexander Graham, a delegate from the county of Orange, and we deplore his death as a heavy and irreparable public misfortune; *that* as a mark of respect, unanimously entertained by this Convention, for the memory of the deceased and for his long, valuable and distinguished services in the public councils of the State and nation, that the members and officers of this Convention, from a sincere desire of showing every mark of respect for the memory of the deceased, do go into mourning for him for one month.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be requested to communicate these proceedings to the widow and family of the deceased, tendering to them the sympathy of this Convention in their sore bereavement.

Resolved, That as an additional mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Convention do now adjourn.

Resolution in relation to the burial expenses of the Hon. W. A. Graham.

Be it resolved, That the Committee on Contingent Expenses examine and report what were the expenses incurred in the funeral of Hon. W. A. Graham, late delegate elect to this Convention from Orange, and that the President of the Convention draw his warrant on the Public Treasury to pay the same.

A resolution of Instruction to the Public Printer.

Be it resolved, That the public printer be requested to have printed, for the use of the Convention, one hundred and fifty copies of all Ordinances and Resolutions which have passed their third readings, and been ratified by the President.

Resolution requiring the Secretary of this Convention to prepare the Journal for publication, and to pay him therefor.

Be it resolved, That immediately upon the adjournment of this Convention the Principal Secretary shall prepare for publication, properly indexed, the journal of the Convention, and that he shall receive as compensation for such work, two hundred dollars, which the State Treasurer is hereby authorized to pay him: and that they shall be distributed to the members of the Convention as the journals of the House of Representatives are now distributed.

A Resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to employ additional clerical assistance.

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to employ such additional clerical assistance as he may deem necessary, to assist in copying all Ordinances, Amendments and Resolutions ratified by this Convention, for the public printer.

Resolved further, That the Auditor is hereby authorized and required to audit, and the Public Treasurer to pay, the same.

Resolved further, That the Secretary of State be allowed the same compensation as that now allowed him for copies of the public laws furnished the public printer.

A Resolution to pay the contestants from the County of Robeson.

Resolved, That the contestants, R. M. Norment and Neill McNeill, from the county of Robeson, be paid mileage and *per diem* up to the day the case is decided.

Resolution to pay the Public Auditor and Secretary of the Convention.

WHEREAS, Much extra work has been devolved upon the Secretary of this Convention and the Auditor of the State, in relation to the printing and distribution of the amendments to the Constitution, therefore

Resolved, That they be allowed the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars each therefor, and that the Auditor be authorized to issue warrants for the same upon the Public Treasurer.

Resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to employ clerical assistance to copy the ordinances passed by this Convention for the public printer.

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be and he is hereby authorized and directed to employ the necessary clerical force to copy all amendments and ordinances ratified by this Convention, and to furnish the same to the public printer, who shall, as soon as practicable, print twenty-five hundred copies of the same for the use of the members of this Convention, and that the Treasurer be and he is hereby authorized to pay the Secretary the usual fees for such services.

E. RANSOM,
President of Convention.

JOHNSTONE JONES, Secretary.
W. M. HARDY, Assistant Secretary.

The Concord *Sun* says that Mr. M. L. Bost had his hand so severely injured by his gin last Friday, that amputation was necessary.

At Caswell Court Sydney Burnett, the negro indicted for killing another at Prospect Hill on election day, was acquitted upon the plea of self-defence.

Mrs. Clemson, the last surviving child of the Hon. John C. Calhoun, died at Pendleton, S. C. last week.

The State Council Friends of Temperance will meet in the town of Lincolnton on the 4th Wednesday in November next.

POST OFFICES DISCONTINUED.—The Post Offices at Castania and Cottage Home, in the counties of Lincoln and Gaston, have both been discontinued.

The Presbyterian Synod of North Carolina met in the Presbyterian Church of Greensboro on Wednesday last, the 13th inst.

N. C. CONFERENCE.—This body will meet with the Front Street Church in Wilmington, on the first day of December next, Bishop H. N. McTyeire presiding.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1875.

JOB PRINTING.

We call the attention of all classes who wish printing executed neatly, expeditiously, and upon reasonable terms, to the facilities offered at the People's Press Printing Establishment We can furnish, at short notice,

BLANKS, BILL-HEADS,
LETTER-HEADS, CARDS
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PAMPHLETS, CATALOGUES
POSTERS, NOTES, CHECKS,
DRAFTS &c., &c.

THE CONVENTION.

A considerable portion of our space this week is occupied with the Ordinances passed by the Constitutional Convention, in which all our readers are interested.

We are indebted to Mr. Butner, of the Salem Hotel and Dr. Wheeler for early pamphlet copies of the same.

The New York *Tribune* thus notices the work of the North Carolina and Alabama Conventions:

"A great deal of evil was predicted from the fact that the work of remodelling the Constitutions of North Carolina and Alabama had fallen into the hands of the white people. Among other things, it was feared and charged that attempts would be made to deprive the negroes of their Civil Rights and to reduce them to a condition of vassalage as bad as slavery if not worse. Both Constitutional Conventions have now adjourned after sessions marked by much more economy than those of the days of Reconstruction; and so far as we are advised, their work has been performed in a manner that will give general satisfaction to thinking citizens and without impairing the rights of any class. Mistakes have doubtless been made, but they are such as might have been made as well by a Northern as by a Southern State. Upon the whole there is no reason to regret that these Conventions have been held."

THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW.—The U. S. Supreme Court has at last made a decision upon what is known as the Civil Rights Law of 1866. The *News* says: "The object of the bill was to impair the efficiency and destroy the power of the State Courts by permitting the transfer of causes, on the flimsiest pretexts, to Federal tribunals. After a lapse of nine years a case has finally been made before the Supreme Court and the law declared unconstitutional." We will publish the decision next week.

THE OHIO ELECTION.

The election held in Ohio on the 12th, resulted in favor of the Radicals by a small majority.

The reasons given for the defeat of Allen, the Democratic candidate for Governor, by between 4,000 and 5,000, are the soft-money and Catholic questions, connected with the distribution of the school fund. They had a powerful influence against the Democratic party.

It will be remembered that President Grant made the first and only speech of his life in the State upon these issues. The tremendnous influx of money into the State, from Europe as well as this country, from the hard money men—it is stated that millions of dollars have been spent in the campaign—have thrown thousands of voters into the State.

The Legislature is Republican by a small majority—the Senate by some two or three and the House by 12.

THE STATE FAIR.—The Fifteenth Annual Exposition of the North Carolina Agricultural Society opened in Raleigh, on Tuesday, the 13th, and closed on Saturday last. We learn from the Raleigh papers and private sources that the Fair was a success, well represented in every particular, and the attendance very large.

We hoped to be able to publish the premiums awarded to persons in this section of country, in this issue, but they have not yet come to hand. Mr. Shultz, of this place, exhibited some thirty-five articles of Cabinet Furniture manufactured by himself. The *News* gives the following:

"At the meeting of the Agricultural Society, Thursday night, which was very largely attended and much interest manifested in its proceedings, Col. T. M Holt was unanimously re-elected President for the ensuing twelve months, and the same Vice-Presidents were re-elected with the exception that Mr. James Norwood of Hillsboro, was elected in place of his father, Mr. Jno. W. Norwood. Col. Holt will appoint at an early day his Executive Committee, when the work for the next year will be arranged.

STATE ITEMS.

Robert Norfleet, a young lawyer, accidently shot himself while hunting near Tarboro.—Both loads of a double-barreled gun entered his stomach and he died in a short while.

The Randolph County Agricultural Society will hold their first annual Fair on Thursday and Friday, October 21st and 22nd, at the ancient town of Ashboro. The annual address will be delivered by Capt. C. B. Denson, of Pittsboro, on Friday 22nd.—*News.*

Arrangements were made for sending a large number of convicts to work on the Western N. C. Railroad.

The State Grand Lodge I. O. G. T., met in Fayetteville recently. Mr. J. F. Little was elected W. I. G.

The Asheville *Pioneer* says: S. T. Aiken, who is a tinner employed by Mr. Brown, cut from raw tin and made two hundred and forty pint tin cups, in ten hours. We are informed that ten or twelve dozen is a good day's work for average workmen.

The Shelby *Aurora* says: Ed. Hawkins, of that county, was severely stabbed by one McEntire last week at Union Camp ground. The cut is on the left breast.—whisky the cause.

The Charlotte *Observer* says: A growth known as the "California Squash," was brought into that city. It was raised by Mr. Wm. Patterson, two miles this side of Beattie's Ford, and weighed 60 pounds. [Ours weighs 70 lbs.]

The Charlotte *Observer* says: The Western North Carolina Land Company shipped over the line of Western North Carolina Railroad, last week, for the Centennial at Philadelphia, more than 50 varieties of lumber, nine boxes of minerals, weighing 771 pounds, over one hundred varieties of herbs and roots, together with many of the cereals, all the products of Western North Carolina.

The Charlotte *Southern Home* says: On less than a quarter of an acre, Mr. T. R. Alexander, of Hopewell, raised turnips enough to bring him $15 in cash, to supply his family and feed some cattle occasionally till spring.—The variety raised was the Golden Ball. On the same piece of ground this year he raised onions enough for summer and winter use; cabbage for the same, and sold of the latter $23 worth.

LOCAL ITEMS.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Salem, N. C., Post Office Arrangement.—Office hours from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. during the week. As no mails arrive or depart on Sunday the office will not be open on that day.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING THE MAILS

Railroad, from Greensboro to Salem, closes every day, except Sundays, at 7.30, a. m.; due every day except Sunday, by 6.10, p. m.

Mount Airy mail, *via* Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Little Yadkin, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek: closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 30, a. m.; due, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 3. p. m.

Madison mail, *via* Sedge Garden, Germanton and Walnut Cove, due, Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 5 p. m.; Closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 30 a. m.

Jerusalem mail, *via* Friedberg, Miller's Mill, Elbaville and Fulton: closes every Wednesday at 6, a. m. due, every Thursday, 7, p. m.

Jonesville mail, *via* Mt. Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains East Bend and Booneville: due every Friday, by 7, p. m.; closes every Saturday, at 6, a. m.

Walkertown mail, *via* Salem Chapel, White Road, Belew's Creek Mills and Blakely: closes every Friday, at 4 30, p. m.; due, every Saturday, by 7, p. m.

Huntsville mail via Clemmonsville, Lewisville and Panther Creek, closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 30, a. m.; due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 p. m.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

BLANKS, Land Deeds, Mortgage Deeds' Chattle Mortgages, Magistrates Summons Judgments and Executions, for sale at the PRES Office.

WOOD.—A supply of good Firewood Wanted. Enquire at this Office.

THE ORPHANS.

A Box is to be made up for the Orphans of the Oxford Asylum, and whoever desires to assist in this laudable work can do so materially by sending contributions of second hand clothing that can be remodelled for boys or girls, or new material, such as yarn, shirting, &c., &c.

The articles contributed to be sent to Mrs. Kremer, by Saturday, October 30th.

E. A. VOGLER, Esq., exhibited to us, a few days since, a trio of beautiful "Seabright Bantam" fowls, purchased at Raleigh, during the Fair, where they took the premium. They are beautifully marked.

SUCCESSFUL POSSEM HUNTERS.—Bob. Fisher & Co., the indefatigable nocturnal hunters, bagged fourteen possums in one night's sport last week. This is hard to beat.—Bob never tires, and when the season closes we will endeavor to give his *catches* in full.

The train on our Railroad was detained by breakages in the locomotive, on Saturday last, and did not leave the depot until about noon. Similar detention at Greensboro caused a delay in the arrival of the train here until 1 o'clock on Sunday morning last.

W. A. Lemly, of this place, raised a mammoth squash, in his garden, which weighed 81 pounds. It was on exhibition at the Raleigh Fair.

Calvin Hauser, of this place, also raised a large squash in his garden, which weighed 77 pounds. These are ahead of any thing in the squash line we have ever heard of.

A. M. JONES, the popular Agent for Wilson's Sewing Machine, has purchased the cottage on Marshall street, recently occupied by Mr. Saunders, and owned by A. Fogle, Esq. Mr. Jones intends to make this place Head Quarters of the Wilson Sewing Machine for a large territory, lying West of the Railroad from Danville, via Greensboro to Charlotte, excepting Rockingham and Guilford counties. We heartily welcome Mr. Jones to our city, and wish him continued prosperity, which his energy certainly deserves.

THOS. SPAUGH, Esq., of South Fork Township, has purchased the house and lot now occupied by Mr. L. N. Clinard, who will shortly remove to his new residence on Elm street.

We are informed that our town is now being supplied with about 2 dozen street lamps in addition to those already put up, which when lit on dark nights will give the place quite a cheerful appearance.

As street lamps have been targets for boys not under proper parental control, our town authorities have passed an ordinance imposing a fine of *Twenty Dollars* on all who shall be convicted of breaking or removing any of them.

Oysters have appeared in our market.

The forest is growing brighter and brighter, and will soon be aglow in its autumnal livery.

The farmers are busy seeding their wheat.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.—Our merchants are displaying their seasonable goods. "Hang out your banners on the outer wall," profusely.

AMPUTATION OF A LEG.—Dr. Bahnson, assisted by Drs. Shaffner, Keehln, Roane and Lemly, successfully amputated the leg of a Miss Chitty, of this county. The operation was performed in this place, and the patient is doing well.

STOKES COURT.—We have been requested to state that there will be no Court held for Stokes county, during the first week of the term, as the Judge will be in attendance at Iredell Court, as a witness, at the time.

LARGE YIELDS.—The articles of our esteemed Kernersville correspondent are always acceptable. This week he gives an account of mammoth tobacco, corn and pumpkins raised in the Kernersville section, besides local items pertaining to the schools, improvements, and growth and health of that town.

DR. WHEELER called on us the other day, apparently in the enjoyment of improved health.

JACOB BROWN, of Stokes county, had a tobacco barn burnt last week.

APPLES.—The Mt. Airy *Visitor* notices the receipt of an apple, of the yellow pippin variety, which weighed one pound.—We have several trees of that variety of fruit, which produced many apples this season, quite a number of them weighing from one pound to a pound and two ounces each, and one as heavy as a pound and a quarter.

THE BIRDS.—The papers are giving due notice that the netting of birds for the purpose of trafic, is prohibited by law, under a fine of $20. The time prohibiting the shooting of partridges expired on the first day of October—the prohibition being from April to October.

THE Stokes County Board of Education will meet in Danbury, on the 2nd day of November.

A large stock of DRESS GOODS At reduced prices. J. L. FULKERSON.
Salem, N. C. October 13th 1875.

THE ATWOODS case, for killing Sandy Houser, col., in Yadkin county, was tried at Davie Court. Joseph Atwood was acquitted, but Isaac Atwood was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years.

Heavy frosts during the week.

GOOD THINGS from the **Largest Clothing House in America.**
Selections may be made from a large lot of Samples for Men and Boys Clothing.
Measures will be taken, and orders forwarded to Wanamaker & Brown, by
J. L. FULKERSON, Agt., Salem, N. C.
Oct. 14th 1875.

KERNERSVILLE CORRESPONDENCE.

Messrs. Editors:—Being in your city the other day I met an old acquaintance living down the country, whom I had not seen for a good while. After the usual greeting, he remarked, "I have been looking for you for several weeks." I said "how so? I did not expect to pass your way." "O," said he, "I take the PRESS, and I always look for the Kernersville correspondent." So thinking there might be others like-minded, I have concluded, after a considerable interval, to try and gather something and send it up this week.

My first item is a sad one. On last Thursday morning, the 14th inst., the clothes of a colored girl, Leonora Mitchell, living in this place, caught on fire; and, as usual, she ran out in the air, which only increased the evil. Mr. Plunkett and Israel Kerner tried to put it out, burning their hands badly, but their efforts were unavailing, the body of the girl was burnt to a crisp, and she lived until next morning when she died. Her age was 12 years. Her parents are respectable people, and they have the sympathy of the entire community.

We are still doing something in the building way. Mr. W. Sapp's new dwelling house is nearly finished; Messrs. Beard & King have put up quite a large building for a tobacco factory, and Mr. Rofelius Kerner has begun a new dwelling. Dr. E. Kerner is putting up a saw mill about 2 miles from town, something we are very much in need of, as we can't get a scantling or a post without going five miles for it, and then, very often when you go to the saw mill, there is nothing there.

It is said there will be several tobacco factories running in our place next year; and we hope, in connection therewith, to see a general revival of business. The health of our community has been unusually good this season, and I think I can say with truth that there is not a single case of sickness in town at this time; and considering that we have a population of three hundred souls, it is saying a good deal.

Our Methodist friends are bringing their new church edifice towards completion and the idea is to occupy it for the first time on the 2nd Sunday in November. For the last year all denominations have worshipped in the Moravian church.

Some weeks ago, I passed down the country and saw the finest tobacco growing I have seen this season, in what had once been an *old pine field*, on the farm of Mr. Clarkson Starbuck. He had the pines cut down, let it lay a year, and put it in tobacco last Spring, using some fertilizers. I assure you it was a beautiful sight to see. And in another direction, I saw the results of an experiment with fertilizers on corn. It was a poor sandy ridge; in one field fertilizers were used, a tablespoonful to the hill; the stalks had large heavy ears, and in many cases two; in the other field, the cultivation the same, there were scarcely any ears, only nubbins, and very small ones at that.

A short time ago our people were invited to witness the closing exercises of the Summer Session of Mrs. Rights' day school, kept in the vestry-room of the Moravian Church. During the day, there was a public examination, where the parents had an opportunity to see what progress their children had made in the last five months; and at night there was an entertainment. The church was well filled, and among those present were Rev. Levi Bodenhammer, of the Baptist, and Solomon Helsabeck of the Methodist church. Mr. H. happened to be in town, and he was requested by the lady to open the exercises with prayer.—He complied; but it struck me there was a kind of hesitancy during the prayer, as though he did not know exactly what to pray for, as these so-called school entertainments are sometimes not exactly the thing a minister would endorse. (I have seen something of the sort myself.) But at the close of the exercises, he gave us a neat little talk, expressing his gratification and the pleasure afforded him by all he had seen and heard; and he could say that it was, in the best sense of the word, an "entertainment" he could heartily endorse from a christian standpoint. Upon the whole, all present seemed to be pleased.

This school has been merged for the winter into the township free school, giving the children that have been coming during the Summer the benefit of a nine month's school, under the same teachers.

In Mr. Israel Kerner's garden in this place, a pumpkin seed came up and formed three branches, producing 12 pumpkins, the largest weighing 81 pounds, the next 69 pounds, and 10 unusually large ones that were not weighed. I stepped the length of one of the prongs of the vine and found it 50 feet long. The pumpkins are now in Mr. Kerner's cellar, and can be seen by any one wishing to.

So then, I will let this suffice for the present week's installment, in the meantime continue looking for something for the future.
Kernersville, Oct. 18, 1875. C. L. R.

MARRIED,

In this place on Thursday last, by Rev. R. P. Lineback, Mr. FRANCIS SHORE to Miss EMMA KIMBLE. All of this county.

At the residence of the bride's mother in Winston, on Monday morning last, by the Rev. F. M. Johnson, Mr. WILLIAM R. BARKER to Miss BETTIE BACON.

DIED,

In this place, on Monday last, of pneumonia, Mr. GEORGE JENKINS, aged 24 years and 5 months.

At his residence in Forsyth county, on the 11th of October, Mr. MICHAEL HOLDER, aged 85 years, 8 months and a few days.

Near Friedland, in this county, on the 19th inst., Mr. CHRISTIAN EMANUEL REED, aged 58 years, 1 month and 15 days.

Fourth Lot of "A Question of Honor," (Miss Fisher's latest and best novel,) will be on hand in a few days. Also a supply of the latest PAPER BOUND NOVELS, and other articles in our line.

PATTERSON & CO., continue to keep the largest and best assorted stock of Dress Goods, White Goods, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Prints, Flannels, Men's Woolens, and Domestics to be found in this county.

PATTERSON & CO., continue to keep the largest stock of Notions, Fancy Goods, Musical Instruments, Umbrellas, Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., to be found in any general store in the county.

PATTERSON & CO., continue to keep the largest stock of Boots and Shoes and Rubber Goods, to be found in the county, and continue to make a specialty of Gent's, Ladies' Misses' and Children's Fine Shoes.

PATTERSON & CO., continue to keep the largest stock of Groceries to be found in any *General Store* in the county, and call particular attention to their beautiful line of *Sugars* and *Coffee*.

PATTERSON & CO. continue to keep handsome assortment of Hardware, Drugs, Hats, Crockery, Leather, Wood and Paper Ware, and a very large supply of Iron, Steel, Nails, &c.

PATTERSON & CO. continue to keep a large stock of Provisions, and buy Country Produce at highest market rates.

PATTERSON & CO. continue to be agents for Holt's and Randleman Plaids, Cedar Falls, Randolph and Deep River Sheetings, and all of Fries' Goods, both Cotton and Woolen.

PATTERSON & CO. continue to receive new Goods every week, and expect by the 15th of October to have in store a very full and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods.

PATTERSON & CO. continue to sell all these Goods at reasonable prices, and to serve their customers to the very best of their ability.
Salem, N. C., Sept. 21, 1875.

THE MARKETS.

Corrected by R. A. Wommack & Co Dealer in General Merchandise.

Corn,	85 a 90	Salt	1 50 a 0 00
Wheat,	1 10 a 1 20	" American,	0 00
Flour,	2 75 a 3 00	Candles ada.	18 a 20
Meal,	2½ a 0	Oils, Linseed,	0.00 a 1.25
Chop,	2 a 2	" Kerosene,	22 a 30
Bacon	13½ a 18	Sheetings, Fries' B.	8¼
Pork,	0 00 a 9 00	" " A	9
Lard,	12½ a 18	Yarn, Fries.	0 00 a 1 25
Eggs,	00 a 15	Iron,	5 a
Molasses,	35 a 45	Nails,	4½ a 5
Cheese Fac.	18 a 25	Calf Skins, green,	10 cts.
" Mount.	15 a 20	Tallow,	8 a 10
Butter	25 a 00	Beeswax,	28 a 30
Peas,	80 a 00	Clover Seed,	0 00 a 8 00
Apples, green,	50 a 0 00	Home grown;	0.00 a 0.00
" dried,	4 a 10	Barrels Flour, Fruit	50
Potatoes, sw.	50 a 00	Brick,	7.00 a 00.00
" irish,	50 a 00	Shingles,	
Coffee,	22 a 30	Long leaf pine,	4.50 a 5.50
Sugar,	8 a 15	Hay, per cwt.	50 a 60
" crushed,	15 a 18	Rags,	2½ a 3
Dried peel, peach.,	12½ a 22	Butter Beans,	13
" " unpeel ½ "	6 a 8	Dried Cherries	18 to 20

Dried Blackberries, 0 to 10

WINSTON TOBACCO MARKTE.

Lugs, Common,	$ 9 00 to 11 00
" Good working,	11 00 to 12 50
Bright medium smokers,	10 00 to 12 50
Fancy smokers,	14 00 to 20 00
Leaf, Common,	10 00 to 12 00
Good,	13 00 to 15 00
Medium wrappers,	15 00 to 18 00
Yellow "	20 00 to 30 00
Fancy "	35 00 to 45 00
Mahogany medium,	16 00 to 20 00
" good,	25 00 to 30 00

Danville Tobacco Market.

Primings	1 00 to 2 50
Lugs—Very Common,	5.00 to 7.00
" Medium,	8.00 to 10.00
Fine Smokers,	12.00 to 20.00
Leaf—Common,	10.00 to 14.00
" Good	14.00 to 16.00
Wrappers—Medium,	18.00 to 23.00
" Fine,	25.00 to 35.00
" Extra,	50.00 to 65 .0

Richmond Tobacco Market.

BLACK.

LUGS—Very common	$ 6 50 to 7 00
Medium to good	7 50 to 8 00
Extra	9 00 to 9 50
LEAF—Common	9 00 to 11 00
Medium	10 00 to 12 00
Good	14 50 to 16 00
Fine	15 00 to 18 00
Extra selections	18 00 to 23 00

BRIGHT.

LUGS—Common to Medium	9 00 to 12 00
Good to Fine	12 50 to 20 00
Fine smoking	22 50 to 30 00
Extra smoking	38 00 to 40 00
LEAF—Common to medium	12 00 to 15 00
Good to fine	12 50 to 15 00
Extra fillers	17 00 to 20 00
WRAPPERS—Common	18 00 to 25 00
Medium to good	28 00 to 40 00
Fine	38 00 to 75 00
Extra	80 00 to 115 00

MAHOGANY.

WRAPPERS—Common to medium	30 00 to 35 00
Good to fine	22 00 to 35 00
Extra	35 00 to 50 00

Fayetteville, Sept. 23.—Bacon 14 a 15. Flour, $6.25 a $6 50; Corn 1 00 a 0 00; Oats 65 a 00; Rye, $0 00; Wheat, $0 00 a $0 00; Lard, 17½ a 18; Brandy, $2 00; Whisky, corn, $1 50 a $1 70; rye, a $2 00 a $2 25; Salt, $1 50 a 1 60.

Charlotte, Sept. 27.—Bacon 12½ a 15; Flour, $3 10 a $3 30; Corn, 90 a 95; Oats, 55 60; Wheat, $1 25 a $1 40; Brandy, $1 75 a $2 00.

HOW TO CURE FEVER AND AGUE.

If any person suffering with FEVER AND AGUE, intermittent or Bilious Fever, will call at the Drug Store of V. O. Thompson, Winston, N. C., and get a bottle of AGUE CONQUEROR, their immediate cure is certain, and the chills will not come back during that season. It contains no Quinine, Arsenic or other Poisons, and after taking one-half bottle you will feel better in health than you have felt perhaps for years. It entirely cleanses the whole system, purifies the liver and other secretary organs. Price $1.00 per bottle. Try it. Ask your Druggist about others who have used it.

Another Candidate FOR PUBLIC FAVOR.

THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the old stand of PFOHL & STOCKTON, have filled it with a very handsome and

Entirely New Stock of General Merchandise, CONSISTING OF Dry Goods,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, SHOES AND BOOTS, DRUGS, DYE-STUFFS, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, STATIONERY, &c., &c.,

which they offer to the public

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Mr. E. A. EBERT, the managing partner, cordially invites his old customers and friends to call and give our goods an inspection.

EBERT & CO.

Salem, N. C., April 8th, 1875.-14-tf.

NEW BOOKS!

"A QUESTION OF HONOR,"
BY CHRISTIAN REID, (Miss Fisher.)
Best novel of the season.
Third supply almost exhausted.
"SIGNA" by Ouida.
HOOSIER MOSAICS.

Fresh supplies of
SCHOOL BOOKS.
STATIONERY and FANCY GOODS.

Beautiful editions of
BRITISH POETS,
Elegant edition of LONGFELLOW.

FINE FAMILY BIBLES,
at from $2 50 to $10 00.
POCKET BIBLES, 50 cts to $5.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION
is directed to our full assortment of
FANCY GOODS, GAMES, &c.
suitable for presents, which will be sold at
REDUCED PRICES
to make room for
HOLIDAY GOODS.
Now's the time to select your presents.

SOAP

A FRESH SUPPLY IN GREAT VARIETY, at
ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

TAXES! TAXES!!

IN compliance with the requirements of law, I will make a second round for the purpose of collecting the unpaid taxes due. As this will positively be the last call, I hope delinquents will come forward promptly, pay up and save costs.

I will meet the taxpayers at the following times and places:

Butner's Hotel, Salem,	Saturday	September 18
Crews' School House,	Monday	" 20
Widow Clinard's,	Tuesday	" 21
John Hasten's,	Wednesday	" 22
Kernersville,	Thursday	" 23
Cr m's X Roads,	Friday	" 24
Harden Haizlip's,	Saturday	" 25
Old Town,	Monday	" 27
Benjamin Hampton's,	Tuesday	" 28
Lewisville,	Wednesday,	" 29
Vienna,	Thursday	" 30
Sides'	Friday	October 1
Bethania,	Saturday	" 2
Winston,	Monday	" 4
Bitting's Store,	Wednesday	" 6

JOHN G. HILL, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Sept. 1, 1875.

A SPLENDID CHANCE
FOR LIVE YOUNG MEN
To Make a Fortune!

HAVING made a fortune myself, and being out of health, and being unable to do any business I offer for sale the formula, for preparing the

Celebrated Japanese Discovery,

with four other recipes for preparations, that pay a large profit and meet with ready sale. ALL FOR FIVE DOLLARS, on receipt of which by mail or otherwise, I will forward the recipes by return mail. Call on or address

DR. L. LEWIS,
P. O. Box, 46. Salem, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINES,
Tested by popular use for over
A QUARTER OF A CENTURY!
Dr. Strong's Compound Sanative Pills
cure Constipation, Billiousness, Bowel Complaint, Malarial Fever, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

Dr. Strong's Pectoral Stomach Pills
cure Coughs, Colds, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Heart Disease, and all disorders of Chest and Stomach.

Prescription Free
for speedy cure of special troubles common to the young and middle-aged. Nervous, mental and physical depression, loss of memory and energy, pains in the back, self-distrust, dizziness, dimness of sight, confusion of ideas, and other disorders of the nervous system consequent on various habits that lower the vitality of the system. Any druggist has the ingredients. Address DR. E. H. HILTON CIN. OHIO.

$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta Maine.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES. I AM THE LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC. PAPER FASHIONS. BEST PATTERNS MADE. LIBERAL TERMS. EXCHANGE FOR OLD MACHINES. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. ADDRESS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO. NEW YORK.

FIRST GRAND EXPOSITION of the TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE, Pittsburg, Pa., opens Oct. 7, closes Nov. 6. Address A. J. NELLIS, Pres. T. I. I.

$25 a day guaranteed using our WELL AUGER & DRILLS. $100 a month paid for good agents. Auger book free. Jilz Auger Co., St. Louis, Mo.

You Can Make $5000
In 90 days in A 1 Stocks.
MY SYSTEM IS SAFE, HONORABLE and SIMPLE.
Pamphlet Sent Free to All.
W. H. WEEKS, Banker, 178 Broadway New York.
Stocks bought and sold at the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

WANTED Agents for the best selling Prize Package in the world. It contains 15 sheets of paper, 15 Envelopes, Golden Pen, Pen Holder, Pencil, Patent Yard Measure, and a piece of Jewelry. Single package, with elegant prize, post-paid, 25 cents. Circular free. BRIDE & CO., 769 Broadway, New York.

HEALTHY, PLEASANT CLIMATE.
RICH LANDS!
Homes and Farms cheaper than anywhere and on easiest terms as to payments.
For Circular descriptive of South Eastern Arkansas, address S. J. MATTHEWS, Monticello, Arkansas.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Terms and outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta Maine.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland Maine. No 41-4w.

MUSIC A SPECIALTY.

AT THE SALEM NOTION STORE
will always be found a well selected stock of fine, now and FASHIONABLE NOTION
at publisher's prices. Any piece of music that may be desired, if not on hand, will be furnished by mail, at a few days' notice. Primers, Instructors and Musical Books of every description, always on hand.

Having the agency for the justly famed BLOOMFIELD PIANOS, the most elegant instruments made in America, I am enabled to offer them at very low prices. If you prefer ANY OTHER make, I can save you money on it.

Address J. BLICKENDERFER, SALEM, N. C.

PAINTING
AND
PAPER HANGING.

I RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the people of Salem, Winston and surrounding country, that I am prepared to do all kinds of House Painting in the very best and latest styles. All kinds of Graining, Marbling, Glazing, Kalsomining and Paper Hanging. Terms either by the day or contract. For further particulars apply to
JOSEPH M. GIBBINS.
Salem, N. C., September 18th, 1875.

NEW BOOKS.—LIFE OF CHRIST, beautifully illustrated with steel engravings.
TYPES AND EMBLEMS, Spurgeon's new book.
NEW CHROMOS, from 10 cts. to 60 cts. Also a full line of finely bound Poems, Writing Albums, &c., suitable for presents, at the BOOK STORE.

NEW PAPETRIES.—
Bismark Note,
Oxford Note,
Aurora Note,
Arcade Note,
Royal Victoria Note
put up in neat boxes. See first class papers at BOOK STORE.

Music.—A choice lot of Sheet Music, carefully selected by Prof. E. W. Lineback, for sale at the NOTION STORE.

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS!

We invite the attention of purchasers to our superior stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

IT EMBRACES EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT IN THE LINE.

We make a specialty, in the Children's Department, of the

Celebrated Sollers Shoes,

which are the best manufactured. The PATENT PROTECTIVE TOE is a feature that renders them universally popular—they wearing twice as long as shoes without it, and are far more elegant in appearance.

Our line of LADIES' and MISSES' SHOES is also complete. It comprises the best and most fashionable styles, at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

We invite the especial attention of the young gentlemen of the vicinity to our HANDSOME SEWED WORK—light dress, Opera, double and single soled BOOTS, CONGRESS GAITERS, &c.

We also have all kinds of COARSE BOOTS and SHOES for men, boys, women and children, of the best grades, and at **Low Prices.**

We have just received a stock of

HATS,

for Gent's, Boy's and Children, to which we invite attention.

We request an inspection of stock, whether with a view to purchasing or not, as we are confident that an examination will secure appreciation.

S. H. & S. A. C. EVERETT.
September 29, 1875, SALEM, N. C.

WILSON'S SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

A GOOD SEWING MACHINE is a household treasure that no family can afford to do without. If you want the BEST, the WILSON SHUTTLE MACHINE should be your CHOICE. It combines in the most perfect manner, all the requisites of *durability, simplicity, ease of operation, and perfection of work*, and is sold *much* CHEAPER than any *other* FIRST CLASS MACHINE.

NOW IS THE TIME—It is always the right time to do a good act, and EVERY MAN with a family should regard himself SHORT of his DUTY until he has supplied himself with a Wilson Sewing Machine. Let it be understood that this valuable Machine captured the *Prize Medal* and *Diploma of Honor at the Vienna* Exposition in 1873.

A Sewing Machine is fast becoming a necessity in every family. In making a selection *do not fail* to mine the WILSON SHUTTLE. This Machine is meeting with unprecedented success, being sold much *cheaper* than any other *first class* Machine, and combining all the essentials to a greater degree, of a Family Machine.

Still the cry is for the Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine. And why? Because it is the most perfect and desirable Sewing Machine for *all kinds of family* sewing, yet invented, and is the CHEAPEST. The constant demand for this valuable Machine, has made it almost impossible for the company to supply the demand.

Machines with cover, lock and key for $55 and all attachments FREE. Reliable, working Agents wanted in every county. There's MONEY IN IT. Call on, or write to A. M. JONES.
General Agent for North Carolina west of the Railroad leading from Danville, via Greensboro to Charlotte, N. C., excepting only the counties of Rockingham and Guilford.

M. H. LANCFELD. M. H. LANCFELD.

$50,000!

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

ECONOMY IS WEALTH!

I am now Prepared to offer Special Bargains in

Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods, Clothing, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Furniture, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Millinery Goods, &c., &c., &c.

I HAVE A STOCK OF UPWARDS OF

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS,

Which having been paid for in CASH, and having been bought in the Eastern Markets at the very LOWEST figures,

I BOTH CAN AND WILL UNDERSELL ANY COMPETION WITHIN A RADIUS OF 100 MILES.

FIRST CLASS GOODS ONLY

I have given FOUR WEEKS undivided attention to the selection of a stock in the East, which in QUALITY and PRICE, was especially designed for this market, and will clearly show that I have made the interests of my customers my sole aim.

FIVE REASONS WHY I CAN UNDERSELL ALL COMPETITION.

1st. I personally superintend the purchase and sale of my Stock.
2nd. I buy only for CASH, and my discounts are already a very heavy portion of the profits of others.
3rd. Having a buyer constantly in the Northern markets, can always give my patrons the benefit of any decline, and am prepared to offer novelties.
4th. Having TWO stores, I buy in LARGE QUANTITIES, and from FIRST HANDS only, and thereby save the Jobbers' profit, in the purchase of my stock.
5th. I have pruned my expenses to the very lowest figures, and give my customers benefit of same.

Thanking my friends and the community at large for their kind encouragement in the past, I now assure them that I will endeavor to do more than deserve it in the future, and respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage.

JOBBING A SPECALTY.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS will do well to call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

WINSTON, N. C., APRIL 8th, 1875.

WOMMACK & CO.
HAVE
A SPLENDID STOCK
OF GOODS.
GO AND SEE THEM.

Poetry.

BEFORE THE LEAVES FALL.

I wonder if oak and maple,
Willow and elm and all,
Are stirred at heart by the coming
Of the day their leaves must fall.
Do they think of the yellow whirlwind,
Or of the crimson spray,
That shall be when chill November
Bears all the leaves away?

"If die we must," the leaflets
Seem one by one to say,
"We will wear the colors of all the earth,
Until we pass away.
No eyes shall see us falter;
And before we lay it down,
We'll wear in the sight of all the earth
The year's most kingly crown."

So, trees by the stately forest,
And trees by the trodden way,
You are kindling into glory,
This soft Autumn day.
And we, who gaze, remember
That more than all they lost,
To hearts and trees together
May come through ripening frost,

UNUSUAL ATTRACTIONS
AT
MRS. DOUTHIT'S
MILLINERY STORE,
SALEM, N. C.

HAVING OPENED A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Goods in my line, I offer them at such prices as bring them within the means of all to purchase the LATEST STYLES of NEW

FALL & WINTER
HATS AND BONNETS,
SASHES AND RIBBONS,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS,
LACES AND EDGINGS,
RUFFS AND RUFFLING. A large assortment of
LADIES' TIES, LINEN AND LACE COLLARS,
KID & BELIN GLOVES, BRAIDS & SWITCHES,
HOSIERY AND CORSETS.

Perfumeries and Extracts and many other articles in my line.

Jet Jewelry and Necklaces, the latest and most beautiful styles just received.

Mrs. Douthit returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement received, and hopes to be able to please her friends and the public, in future.

☞ **Call at the Store, one door above W. T. Vogler's Jewelry establishment.**

Salem, N. C., April 22, 1875.-15-tf.

SOUTHERN ILLUSTRATED AGE!

RALEIGH, N. C.

The only ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY in the South. Eight pages. Forty columns. Containing more reading matter than any weekly published in the Southern States.

The first number of the SOUTHERN ILLUSTRATED AGE will be issued on

Saturday, 26th day of June, 1875.

The Publisher intends making it an illustrated record of the times. It will treat of every topic, Political, Historical, Literary, and Scientific, which is of current interest, and give the best illustrations that can be obtained, original or foreign.

The SOUTHERN ILLUSTRATED AGE will be printed on new type, and heavy book paper.

On its list of contributors will be found the names of many of the best writers in the South. Serial and short stories, poems and sketches, and well conducted editorial departments, giving the latest personal, literary, scientific, political, religious and commercial intelligence will furnish every week an amount of reading matter unsurpassed by other papers, in excellence and variety. It is intended to make the SOUTHERN ILLUSTRATED AGE a journal for the fireside; several columns will be specially devoted to all subjects pertaining to domestic and social life.

No family should be without it.

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Fruit Trees, Vines and Plants.

Ellison Creek Nurseries.

A large stock at reasonable rates. Descriptive Catalogue for 1875-'76 sent free.

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Lewisville, Forsyth County, N. C.

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THE DANVILLE TIMES.

This is a Democratic Weekly Paper, established in 1865, having an extensive circulation in all the Virginia and North Carolina counties around Danville. Price $2 a year; $1 for six months; 50 cents for three months. Specimen copies forwarded upon application. Address, P. BOULDIN,
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Also New Novels, School Books, Black Glazed Paper, Paper bound Poems, &c. Call at the BOOKSTORE.

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THE OLDEST DAILY IN NORTH CAROLINA, IS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT MONDAY, BY
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HEARTS AND HANDS, by Miss Fisher,	50 cts.
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The above Novels are all fresh, and embrace the best of the late editions.

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SKETCHES OF NORTH CAROLINA.

We have these charming papers now in Press and on, or before, the middle of May, will
OFFER THEM TO THE PUBLIC
At a price which will put it within the reach of all classes. The volume will also contain
THE MEMORIAL POEM
RECITED BY
MR. JAMES BARRON HOPE
ON BEHALF OF
THE LADIES OF WARREN COUNTY
ON THE UNVEILING OF THE
MONUMENT TO GEN. LEE'S DAUGHT
IN THAT COUNTY
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The volume will be octaco in size, on handsome paper, of great typographical elegance, and will contain some sketches
NEVER BEFORE GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC
James Barron Hope & Co., Publishers,
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Is Your Life Insured?

IF not, have it done at once, but first come to the undersigned and examine statements showing the standing of *all* the different Companies, and then select the strongest and safest. The *best* is always good enough, and in Life Insurance it will cost *less* than an inferior article.

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is the second largest Life Company in the world, and will insure your life on the most reasonable terms.

Its expenses are *less* than any other Company, therefore its dividends *can* be and *are* greater, reducing the premiums to the actual cost of insurance, for there are no Stockholders to take the largest share of the profits.

Do not take my word for it, but come and examine the figures for yourselves.

J. A. LINEBACK, *Agent.*
Salem, N. C. March 5, 1874.-10

To the Debtors of
E. L. HEGE AND HEGE BROTHERS,
BANKRUPTS.

YOU are hereby distinctly *notified* to come and make *payment* at once to the undersigned, or proceedings, without delay, will be taken to enforce the payment of these debts in the United States Court where the homestead exemptions have recently been over-ruled.

J. W. HUNTER, Assignee.
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BEAUTIFUL PAPETRIES 25, 50 and 75.
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Spurgeon's Types and Emblem's,
Chamber of Peace,
King's Great South.
British and American Poets,
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&c. &c. &c. &c.

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AT THE BOOK STORE.

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FRUIT TREES, VINES AND PLANTS.

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Yadkin County, N. C.

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PATENT SELF-REGULATING
GRAIN SEPARATOR,
Cleaner and Bagger.
H. M. SMITH & CO.,
Post Office Box No. 8, Richmond, Va.
GENERAL AGENTS FOR
Eastern Virginia and the States of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.

This is the most convenient, portable, and best-made THRESHER and CLEANER now in use. It threshes rapidly and cleans more perfectly than any other pattern. It has a SELF-REGULATING BLAST, which makes the blowing over of Wheat an impossibility.

Descriptive Catalogue of this machine, and Smith's Mounted Va. Horsepower, promptly sent to any address

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Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a lifetime. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade-mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing with stamp,

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
506 Commerce St., Philadelphia, Pa.
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Agency Established in Salem.

THE Subscriber is pleased to announce that Mr. JOHN H. SHULTZ has been appointed Agent for Salem and vicinity of the Kelvyn Nursery.—Shade Trees, Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Roses Dutch Bulbs, Flower Seeds, Greenhouse and Hot-house Plants, and Hardy Border Plants in 1800 varieties, grown in North Carolina, and adapted to our wants. Prices as low as any reputable house in the United States. Full descriptive catalogues may be obtained of the Agent. Plans furnished for the entire improvement of Public and Private Grounds, and the outfit of trees and lowers supplied. References in any part of the State.

C. B. DENSON,
Nov, 12, 1874. Pittsboro, N. C.

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For sale at prices to suit the times.

LIGHT running and very quiet, has long been tested as a first class

MACHINE,

and being made of the finest steel, having no wir springs, cog-wheels or cams to get out of order, its

DURABILITY IS UNQUESTIONABLE

and perfect working is not to be surpassed. Has a shuttle making the stitch alike on both sides, has
THE REVERSIBLE FEED.
sewing backwards or forwards as no other machine can do.

This being a great convenience in fastening seams. We furnish a
SIDE OR BACK FEED,
to suit the purchaser, and further, we
GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

We allow a discount from our present LOW PRICES, TO CLUBS OF THREE,

Send your orders and we will see that proper instruction is given you in the use of the machine and that you are fully satisfied in your choice.

Always on hand. Machines of other makes which have been taken in exchange, for sale very low.

Agents Wanted.

F. G. CARTLAND,
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THOSE who wish to supply themselves with fresh and reliable

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can always find them at the above establishment, at reasonable prices.

FANCY ARTICLES,
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NOTIONS,
PATENT MEDICINES.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
FINE CUTLERY, &c.
FINE TOBACCO, CIGARS.

OIL! OIL! OIL! OIL!

Good Oil for Sewing Machines.
" " " Threshing "
" " " Mowing "
" " " All kinds of Machinery.
For sale at the SALEM AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
Salem, N. C. May, 13 No. 19.

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The SALEM PLOWS work well in all kinds oil. Manufactured by the Salem Agricultural Works, Salem, N C.

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
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HONEST AND FAIR DEALING OUR MOTTO.

OUR STOCK OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
is now complete, comprising all classes usually kept by us, every cent of which were bought for cash and will be sold for a small profit. As our house is the oldest, largest, best known and does the largest business of any house in either town, it is useless to enumerate the articles comprising our stock, but we wish to call attention to our fine Shoes for Ladies, manufactured expressly for us by the Winchester, Va., Shoe factory, every pair warranted, also to our stock of Charlottsville, Va., Cassimeres, Bleached and Brown Domestics and Shirtings, Dress Goods, Cottonades, &c. An examination of our stock and prices will show that we mean what we say and say what we mean. We offer no baits, nor resort to no rascally tricks to catch trade.—We invite everybody to examine our goods and prices. Country merchants will find it to their interest to deal with us.

Buy only the best and most Reliable Fertilizer.
JUST RE EIVED AND FOR SALE

350	Bags	Genuine Guano at	$ 80 00
580	Bags	Whann's Raw Bone Super Phosphate	55 00
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TO PROCURE FOR HIS CUSTOMERS ALL THE ADVANTAGES
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Can give them, has enabled him to offer to the Public a
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF GOODS.
A NEW LINE OF ARTICLES RARE, RICH AND TASTY, consisting of
China, Glass, Lava and Parian Ware,
FANCY GOODS, FANCY BOXES, AND LADIES' WORK BOXES, &c.
Very beautiful and suited for Presents.

☞ **New Styles of Goods received every few days.**

Salem, N. C. April 15, 1875. **J. BLICKENDERFER.** SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUAR

FOR SALE.

A GOOD WALNUT DESK AND BOOK CASE, A WARDROBE,
AND A REFRIGERATOR,
all in good order and well kept. For sale by
July 29. E. A. VOGLER.

A CARD.

The Supreme Court, having by their judgment, replaced on the Bench, the late incumbent in this District:

I notify my friends and the public, that I have resumed the practice of the law, in the Counties of Stokes, Davie, Davidson and Forsyth.

Prompt attention will be given to legal business entrusted to me.

THOS. J. WILSON.
Winston, N. C., Feb. 1st, 1875.

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STICKY FLY PAPER,
For Sale at Zevely's Drug Store.

AS there is nothing poisonous about it, there need be no fear of placing it in the way of children.—It will not hurt any one even should it be eaten, and is much cleaner than any other, as the flies never leave it after alighting; therefore they are never found dead on your closet shelves, in your victuals and every where else in the house, a thing which renders all other exterminators so obnoxious.

Try it, and its effect will soon be apparent.

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JUST RECEIVED a large lot of Strupe & Son's heavy and light Upper Leather and Fine Calf Skins, which will be sold at manufacturer's prices by

R. A. WOMMACK & CO.
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VENTILATOR. **I WILL SEND** VENTILATOR.
By mail free,
My new and copy-righted art of
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Sash and Door Fastener, and a good monthly paper one year for 50 cents. Address immediately "VENTILATOR," Mannington W. Virginia.

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GLYCERINE BOUQUET SOAP,
NEW GLYCERINE SOAP,
NEW HONEY SOAP,
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For Sale at ZEVELY'S.

Go to the Salem Agricultural Works for PLOWS, Cultivators, Horse Powers, Threshers and Cleaners, Mowers and Reapers, Grain Drills, Horse Rakes, Feed Cutters, Cider Mills, Corn Shellers, or any other Agricultural Implements.

The SALEM PLOW *will not choke.* Manufactured by the Salem Agricultural Works, Salem N. C.

SPECIAL OFFER to Good and Honest Men, who wish to buy Threshers and Cleaners with Horse Powers, to be paid for after the season is over. A good chance. Call and see at the SALEM AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
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Builders and Repairers of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c

WE have secured the services of competent workmen, and flatter ourselves able to please all our friends and the public generally, in the style, quality and price of our work.

Call and examine our collection of patterns to which we are constantly adding.

All first class work guaranteed.

W. G. BAHNSON & CO.,
Opposite J. W. Fries' Tanyard, SALEM, N C.
Feb 25 1875-8

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Rev. S. TAYLOR MARTIN, Principal,
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The annual session, beginning Oct. 1st and ending June 30th, is divided into two terms, without intermediate vacation. Handsome buildings and grounds, and a full corps of experienced instructors. Board and Tuition in English, $100 per term. For further information send for circular. S. TAYLOR MARTIN, Charlotte, N. C.

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Ready Mixed Paints,

REQUIRING nothing before using and that will dry hard and glossy, of any color or shade, can be had on application to the undersigned, who has samples and will be pleased to show them to any persons wishing paints.

E. A. VOGLER,
Salem, N. C., July 29, 1875.

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Five vacancies owing to enlargement. Apply at once. Graduates rank high. Receives only first-class boys. Four courses; Classical, Liberal, Scientific, Commercial. Send stamp to MASTERS for Decennial Catalogue.

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CHARLOTTESVILL , VA.

Nineteenth annual session begins first of September. For circular giving Faculty and expenses address R. H. RAWLINGS, M. A., Principal.

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Bismark Note,
Oxford Note,
Auroria Note,
Arcade Note,
Royal Victoria Note
put up in neat boxes. See first class papers at BOOK STORE.

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BARGAIN STORE!

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Winston, N. C.,
Wholesale and Retail
MERCHANTS.

JOSEPH STOCKTON has just returned from the Northern Markets where he has laid in the largest stock of

SPRING GOODS

Ever before purchased by his house, and as they were bought low for cash, they defy all competition for ELEGANCE VARIETY AND CHEAPNESS, and the public will find it

☞ TRUE ECONOMY ☜

to purchase from them.

Our customers will find a full line of

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Notions, Jeans, Domestics, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Queensware and Groceries,

and everything else desired in this market.

☞ By persistent, legitimate and honest efforts, we have labored to make, and have succeeded in establishing the reputation that our house is the cheapest

BARGAIN STORE

in this section of the State.

☞ Our purchases are made direct from MANUFACTURERS, or their agents, and our patrons are hereby assured, that we intend in the future, (and we offer our past as a guarantee of the future,) to sustain the reputation of selling good, reliable Goods at a small advance on cost.

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☞ We cordially invite the merchants of Western North Carolina to buy from us at New York prices, thereby saving time and expenses.

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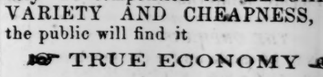

CONDENSED TIME TABLE.
In effect on and after Sunday 19th, September 1875.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'R.
Leave Charlotte,	9.15 P. M.	5.45 A. M.
" Air-line Junction,	9.33 "	6.20 "
" Salisbury,	11.58 "	8.34 "
" Greensboro,	3.15 A. M.	10.55 "
" Danville,	6.08 "	1.12 P. M.
" Dundee,	6.18 "	1.20 "
" Burkville,	11.35 "	6.07 "
Arrive Richmond,	2.22 P.M.	8.48 "

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'R.
Leave Richmond,	1.38 P. M.	5.08 A. M.
" Burkville,	4.52 "	8.36 "
" Dundee,	10.33 "	1.14 P. M.
" Danville,	10.39 "	1.17 "
" Greensboro,	3.00 A. M.	3.58 "
" Salisbury,	5.32 "	6.18 "
" Air-line Junction,	8.05 "	8.25 "
Arrive Charlotte,	8. 22 A. M.	8.43 "

STATIONS.	GOING EAST. MAIL.	GOING WEST MAIL.
Leave Greensboro,	3.00 A. M.	Arrive 2.00 A.M.
" Comply Shops,	4.3 "	Leaves 12.38 "
" Raleigh,	8.33 A. M.	" 8.10 "
Arrive Goldsboro,	11.30 A. M.	" 5.00 P.M.

NORTH-WESTERN N. C. R. W.—SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro,	4.30, P. M.
Arrive at Salem,	6.13 P. M.
Leave Salem	8.40, A. M.
Arrive at Greensboro,	10 33 A. M

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Two Trains daily, both ways.

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